

This is "Appendix G: Physical Constants and Conversion Factors", appendix 7 from the book <u>Principles of General</u> <u>Chemistry (index.html)</u> (v. 1.0).

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Appendix G: Physical Constants and Conversion Factors

Selected Physical Constants	
Atomic mass unit	$1 \text{ amu} = 1.6605389 \times 10^{-24} \text{ g}$
	$1 \text{ g} = 6.022142 \times 10^{23} \text{ amu}$
Avogadro's number	$N = 6.022142 \times 10^{23}$ /mol
Boltzmann's constant	$k = 1.380651 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K}$
Charge on electron	$e = 1.6021765 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$
Faraday's constant	$F = 9.6485338 \times 10^4 \text{ C/mol}$
Gas constant	R = 0.0820575 (L atm)/(mol K)
	= 8.31447 J/(mol K)
Mass of electron	$m_{\rm e} = 5.485799 \times 10^{-4}$ amu
	$= 9.109383 \times 10^{-28} \text{ g}$
Mass of neutron	<i>m</i> _n = 1.0086649 amu
	$= 1.6749273 \times 10^{-24} \text{ g}$
Mass of proton	<i>m</i> _p = 1.0072765 amu
	$= 1.6726217 \times 10^{-24} \text{ g}$
Pi	π = 3.1415927
Planck's constant	$h = 6.626069 \times 10^{-34}$ J s
Speed of light (in vacuum)	<i>c</i> = 2.99792458 × 10 ⁸ m/s (exact)

Useful Conversion Factors and Relationships	
Length	Energy (derived)
Si unit: meter (m)	Si unit: joule (J)

Useful Conversion Factors and Relationships	
1 km = 0.62137 mi 1 mi = 5280 ft = 1.6093 km 1 m = 1.0936 yd 1 in = 2.54 cm (exact) 1 cm = 0.39370 in. 1 Å = 10^{-10} m	$1 J = 1 N \cdot m = 1 (kg \cdot m^{2}) /s^{2}$ 1 J = 0.2390 cal $= 1 V \times 1 C$ 1 cal = 4.184 J (exact) $1 eV = 1.602 \times 10^{-19} J$
Mass	Pressure (derived)
SI unit: kilogram (kg)	SI unit: pascal (Pa)
1 kg = 2.2046 lb 1 lb = 453.59 g = 16 oz	$1 Pa = 1 N/m^{2}$ = 1 kg/ (m • s ²) 1 atm = 101,325 Pa = 760 torr = 14. 70 lb/in ² 1 bar = 10 ⁵ Pa
Temperature	Volume (derived)
Si unit: kelvin (K)	SI unit: cubic meter (m ³)
0 K = -273.15 °C = 459.67 °F K = °C + 273.15 °C $\text{ °C} = \frac{5}{9} (\text{ °F} - 32 \text{ °)}$ $\text{ °F} = \frac{9}{5} \text{ °C} + 32$	$1 L = 10^{-3} m^{3}$ = 1 dm ³ = 10 ³ cm ³ 1 gal = 4 qt = 3.7854 L 1 cm ³ = 1 mL